

**Supporting Information for “Theoretical Prediction of Nobel-Gas  
Containing Anions FNgO<sup>-</sup> (Ng = He, Ar, and Kr)”**

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8 Tables, 3 Figures.

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**Table S1.** Calculated transition state geometry for the  $\text{FNgO}^- \rightarrow \text{OF}^- + \text{Ng}$  reaction at various levels.

The bond lengths are in angstroms and the bond angles in degrees.

Method	$\text{FHeO}^-$			$\text{FArO}^-$			$\text{FKrO}^-$		
	R(F–He)	R(He–O)	A(F–He–O)	R(F–Ar)	R(Ar–O)	A(F–Ar–O)	R(F–Kr)	R(Kr–O)	A(F–Kr–O)
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.589	2.022	100.5	2.846	2.492	69.2	2.820	2.524	62.0
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.481	1.912	94.8	2.770	2.408	66.0	2.739	2.446	59.8
MP2/aug-cc-pVQZ	2.467	1.896	93.9	2.754	2.398	65.7	2.728	2.437	59.7
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.758	2.306	126.9	2.916	2.560	81.1	2.884	2.549	66.8
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.573	2.183	122.2	2.867	2.440	73.8			

**Table S2.** Calculated harmonic vibrational frequencies (in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) of the transition state for the  $\text{FNgO}^- \rightarrow \text{OF}^- + \text{Ng}$  reaction.

	MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ
Ng = He		
$\nu_1$	230	193 (188) <sup>a</sup>
$\nu_2$	67	25 (51)
$\nu_3$	345 <i>i</i>	136 <i>i</i> (93 <i>i</i> )
Ng = Ar		
$\nu_1$	160	132 (132)
$\nu_2$	119	88 (80)
$\nu_3$	408 <i>i</i>	271 <i>i</i> (172 <i>i</i> )
Ng = Kr		
$\nu_1$	183	(141)
$\nu_2$	156	(118)
$\nu_3$	602 <i>i</i>	(378 <i>i</i> )

<sup>a</sup>Values in parentheses are calculated at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ level.

**Table S3.** The calculated structures of LiFNgO<sup>a</sup> at various theoretical levels. The bond lengths are in angstroms and the bond angles in degrees.

	R(F–Ng)	R(Ng–O)	R(Li–O)	R(Li–F)	A(Ng–O–Li)	A(O–Li–F)	A(Li–F–Ng)	A(F–Ng–O)
Ng = He								
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	1.989	1.103	2.070	1.659	77.9	92.1	71.0	119.0
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	1.968	1.084	2.065	1.647	77.8	91.5	71.2	119.5
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.036	1.198	2.080	1.649	77.6	95.5	71.2	115.8
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.004	1.164	2.071	1.637	77.6	94.2	71.5	116.7
Ng = Ar								
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.820	1.738	1.986	1.649	96.2	112.8	71.4	79.6
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.778	1.684	1.973	1.637	97.7	110.6	72.2	79.5
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.853	1.829	2.004	1.640	94.0	115.3	71.6	79.1
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.798	1.764	1.986	1.628	95.6	112.7	72.5	79.2
Ng = Kr								
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.624	1.800		1.626				
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.581	1.759		1.613				
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.687	1.880		1.620				
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.654	1.830		1.604				

<sup>a</sup>Planar structures for Ng = He and Ar; linear structures for Ng = Kr. See Figure 4 in text for labeling.

**Table S4.** Calculated relative energies<sup>a</sup> (in kcal/mol) of LiFNgO

	S-T gap <sup>b</sup>	Relative to Li <sup>+</sup> + FNgO <sup>-</sup>	Relative to LiF + Ng + O (S)	Relative to LiF + NgO (S)	Relative to LiOF + Ng	Barrier <sup>c</sup>
Ng = He						
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	62.9	-166.6	-14.9	NA <sup>d</sup>	60.2	7.0 [4.5] <sup>e</sup>
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	73.1	-166.9	-18.1	NA	60.5	10.4 [7.9]
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	30.5	-168.1	-2.9	NA	58.3	0.7
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	43.9	-164.3	-6.2	NA	58.1	2.4
Ng = Ar						
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	26.6	-171.0	-34.4	-21.4	40.6	22.9 [21.8]
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	42.2	-170.9	-41.5	-21.3	37.0	29.6 [28.5]
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	10.1	-171.2	-21.9	-19.4	39.2	12.9 [12.0]
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	24.2	-171.7	-27.2	-19.8	37.2	16.9 <sup>f</sup>
Ng = Kr						
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	42.7	-152.2	-39.7	-11.8	35.3	25.4 [25.2]
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	55.1	-153.4	-48.7	-12.2	29.9	33.2 [32.8]
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	25.1	-153.9	-24.7	-10.4	36.4	12.0
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	36.5	-155.2	-31.6	-10.9	32.8	17.0 <sup>f</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Born-Oppenheimer energies, not including zero-point vibrational energies.

<sup>b</sup>Energy differences between the singlet and the triplet state at the optimized singlet-state geometry.

<sup>c</sup>Energy barriers for the LiFNgO → LiOF + Ng reactions. <sup>d</sup>Not applicable

<sup>e</sup>Values in parentheses including vibrational zero-point energies.

<sup>f</sup>Single-point energy at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ structure.

**Table S5.** Calculated harmonic vibrational frequencies (in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) of LiFNgO.

	MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ
Ng = He		
$\nu_1$	1294	956 (837) <sup>a</sup>
$\nu_2$	780	796 (790)
$\nu_3$	457	410 (402)
$\nu_4$	343	339 (347)
$\nu_5$	314	275 (263)
$\nu_6$	224	204 (188)
Ng = Ar		
$\nu_1$	796	814 (813)
$\nu_2$	682	549 (499)
$\nu_3$	421	406 (420)
$\nu_4$	247	233 (227)
$\nu_5$	168	157 (152)
$\nu_6$	144	141 (129)
Ng = Kr		
$\nu_1$	838	(840)
$\nu_2$	714	(530)
$\nu_3$	153	(138)
$\nu_4$	112	(89)
$\nu_5$	112	(89)
$\nu_6$	46	(24)
$\nu_7$	46	(23)

<sup>a</sup>Values in parentheses are calculated at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ level.

**Table S6.** Calculated Atomic Charges<sup>a</sup> (in a.u.) for LiFNgO

	Li	F	Ng	O
LiFHeO	0.79 (0.95)	-0.80 (-0.95)	0.37 (0.50)	-0.36 (-0.50)
LiFArO	0.80 (0.94)	-0.83 (-0.96)	0.48 (0.71)	-0.45 (-0.69)
LiFKrO	0.88 (0.97)	-0.86 (-0.95)	0.52 (0.83)	-0.54 (-0.85)

<sup>a</sup>By ChelpG and NBO (in parentheses) methods using electron density calculated at MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ level.

**Table S7.** Calculated transition state geometry for the  $\text{LiFNgO} \rightarrow \text{LiOF} + \text{Ng}$  reaction at various theoretical levels. The bond lengths are in angstroms and the bond angles in degrees.

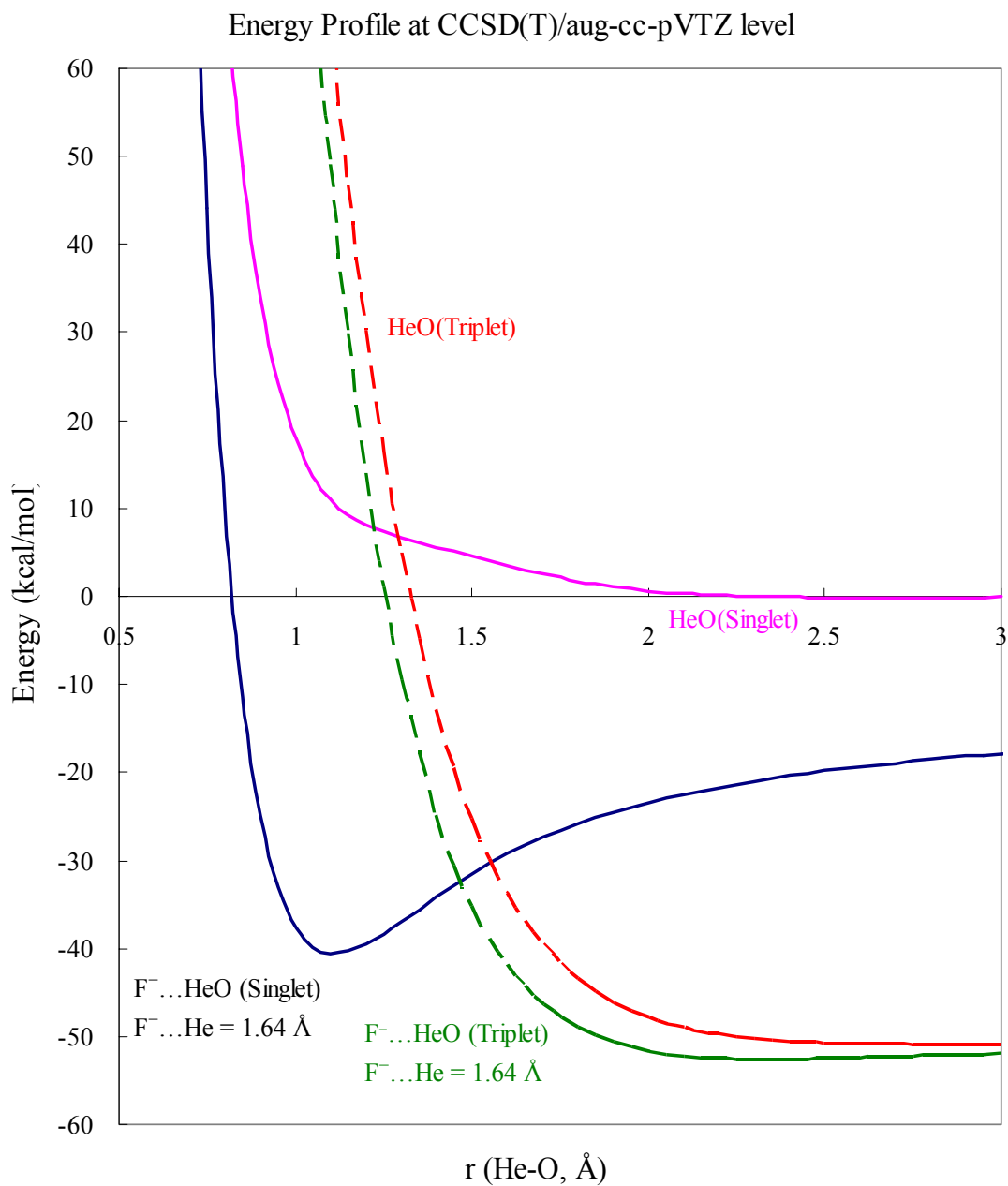
	R(F–Ng)	R(Ng–O)	R(Li–O)	R(Li–F)	A(Ng–O–Li)	A(O–Li–F)	A(Li–F–Ng)	A(F–Ng–O)
Ng = He								
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.679	1.939	2.115	1.619	92.1	106.6	81.6	79.6
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.564	1.895	2.086	1.606	94.0	101.8	85.4	78.9
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.412	1.425	2.117	1.624	81.8	107.7	69.1	101.4
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.565	1.555	2.129	1.603	83.9	112.0	69.3	94.8
Ng = Ar								
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.875	2.453	1.997	1.627	107.8	91.4	102.9	57.9
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.812	2.407	1.965	1.616	109.3	89.1	104.4	57.2
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.920	2.414	1.993	1.629	105.1	97.4	96.8	60.7
Ng = Kr								
MP2/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.875	2.511	1.939	1.635	113.0	85.5	108.2	53.3
MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	2.813	2.464	1.905	1.626	114.5	83.4	109.5	52.6
CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ	2.904	2.467	1.920	1.641	112.4	89.1	103.6	54.9



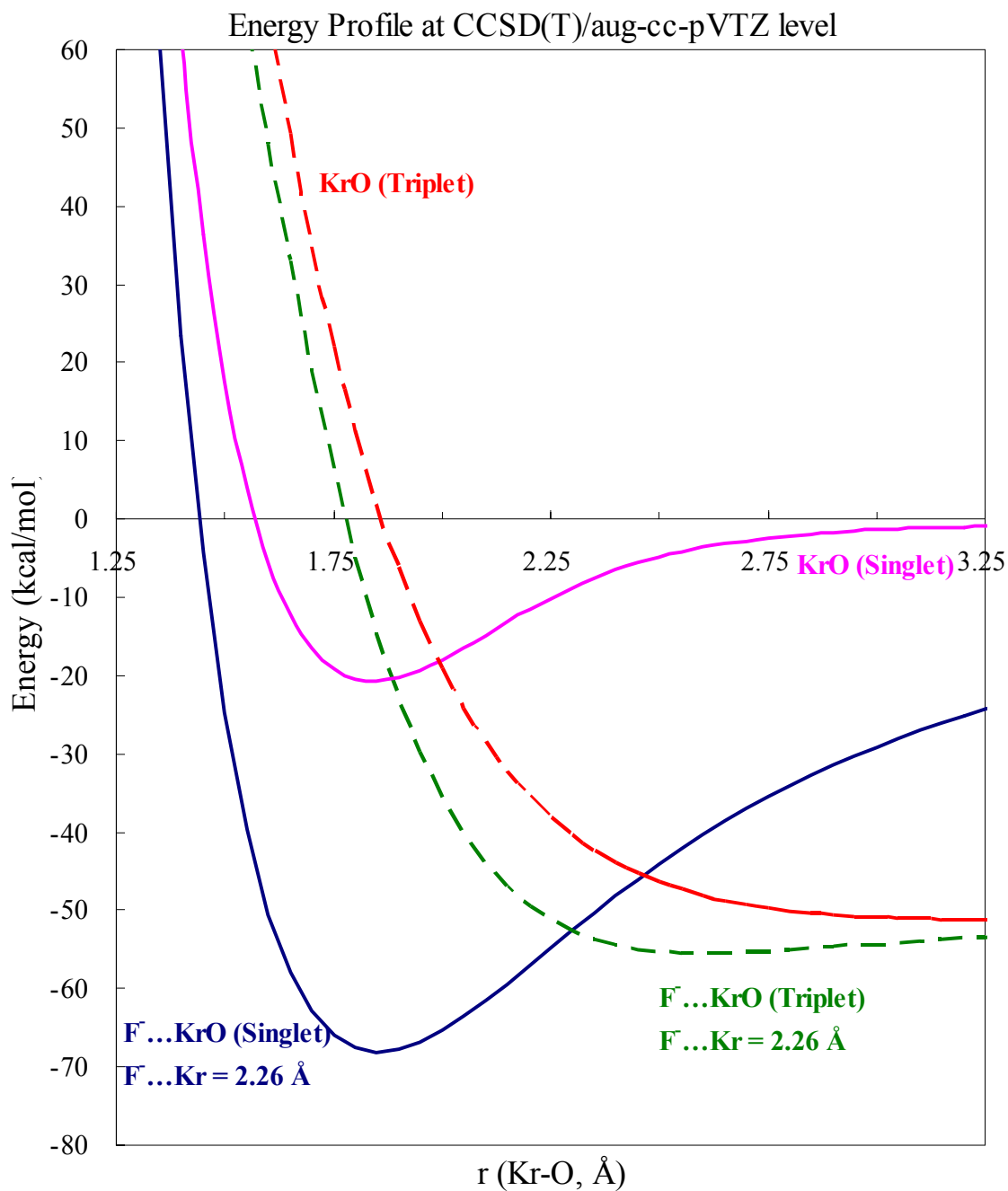
**Table S8.** Calculated harmonic vibrational frequencies (in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) of the transition state for the  $\text{LiFNgO} \rightarrow \text{LiOF} + \text{Ng}$  reaction.

	MP2/aug-cc-pVTZ	CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ
Ng = He		
$\nu_1$	850	859 (837) <sup>a</sup>
$\nu_2$	317	297 (331)
$\nu_3$	257	257 (295)
$\nu_4$	127	127 (176)
$\nu_5$	90	121 (156)
$\nu_6$	274 <i>i</i>	300 <i>i</i> (303 <i>i</i> )
Ng = Ar		
$\nu_1$	826	(803)
$\nu_2$	409	(388)
$\nu_3$	216	(188)
$\nu_4$	145	(122)
$\nu_5$	76	(91)
$\nu_6$	373 <i>i</i>	(332 <i>i</i> )
Ng = Kr		
$\nu_1$	808	(778)
$\nu_2$	463	(450)
$\nu_3$	242	(230)
$\nu_4$	155	(144)
$\nu_5$	78	(71)
$\nu_6$	505 <i>i</i>	(477 <i>i</i> )

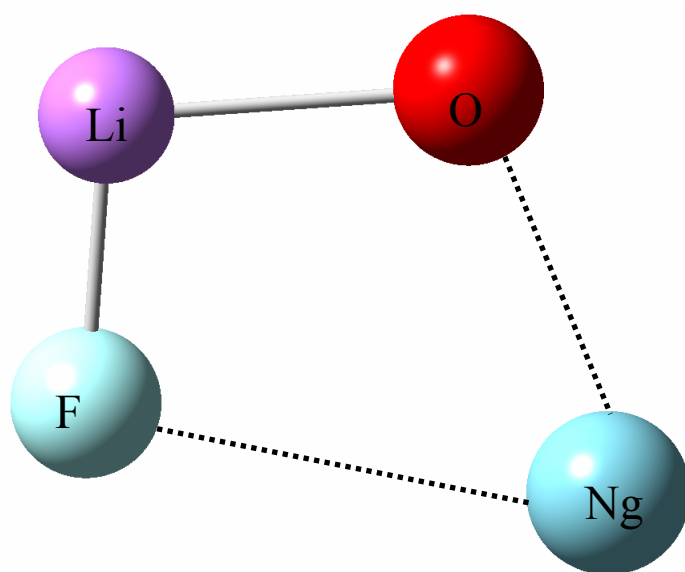
<sup>a</sup>Values in parentheses are calculated at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVDZ level.



**Figure S1.** Potential energy profile of HeO and FHeO<sup>-</sup>. The energies were calculated at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ level. The HeO energies are relative to He + O (S) and the FHeO<sup>-</sup> energies are relative to F<sup>-</sup>...He + O (S) with F-He distance fixed at 1.64 Å.



**Figure S2.** Potential energy profile of KrO and FKrO<sup>-</sup>. The energies were calculated at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ level. The KrO energies are relative to Kr + O (S) and the FKrO<sup>-</sup> energies are relative to F<sup>-</sup>...Kr + O (S) with F–Kr distance fixed at 2.26 Å.



**Figure S3.** Schematic plot of the transition state structure for the  $\text{LiFNgO} \rightarrow \text{LiOF} + \text{Ng}$  reaction.